





# AGILE STRATEGY FOR FOREIGN EXECUTIVES IN CHINA



#### **Avoid Personal Liabilities**



## THE SPEAKER





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- With more than 10 years of experience
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- Trilingual in Mandarin, English and French



## LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Who is personally liable ?

What are the liabilities ?

How to avoid/mitigate such liabilities ?



I - Mapping "Executives" under Chinese Law

## "EXECUTIVES" UNDER CHINESE LAW



**Controlling Shareholder/Actual Controller** 

**Directors + Supervisors** 

**High-Level/Senior Managers** 

Manager (GM/CEO) and Deputy Manager, Financial officer, Board Secretary, other management staff in AOA How to determine if an individual is an executive ?

- 1) Articles of Association of the company/power of attorney
- 2) Job description in the Employment Contract

## **EXECUTIVE VS. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE**



Chairman of Board /Executive Director

Legal Representative

General Manager/CEO

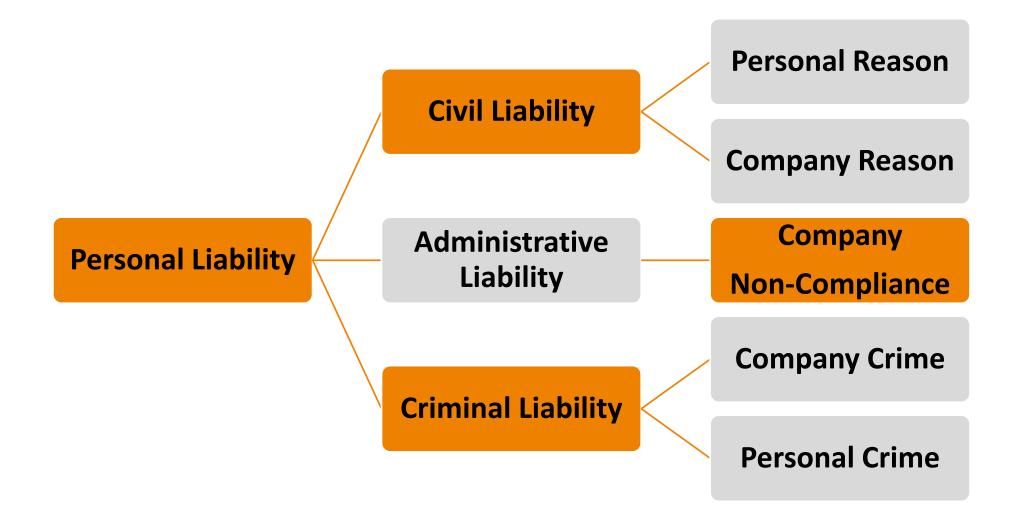
- Is Legal Rep. an executive?
- Is there presumption of liability for Legal Rep. ?
- Is not being the Legal Rep. a good strategy to avoid liability?



**II - Executives' Personal Liability Overview** 

# **EXECUTIVES' PERSONAL LIABILITY OVERVIEW**





## **CIVIL LIABILITY - PRINCIPLES**



#### Art. 61 - Civil Code

 Where the legal representative engages in civil activities on behalf of a legal person, all legal consequences incurred shall be undertaken by the legal person

#### Art. 62 - Civil Code & Art. 149 - Company Law

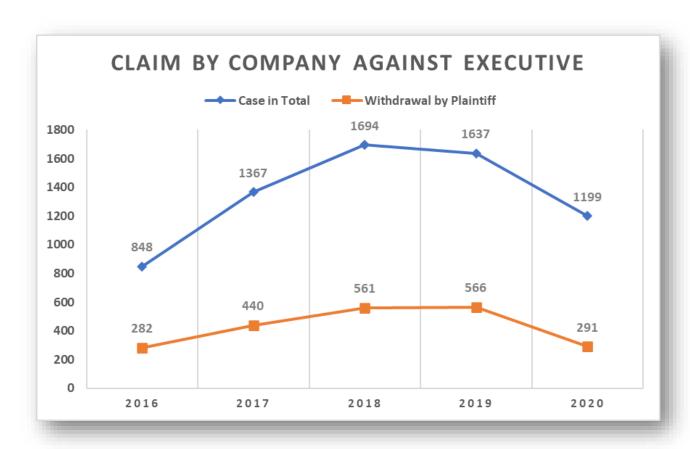
- Executives' Obligation of compensation
  - ✓ violate laws, regulations or the company's articles of association while performing their duties.
  - ✓ Cause damages to the Company (directly or indirectly)

#### Art. 147 &148 - Company Law

Duty of Diligence & Duty of Loyalty by executives

## **CIVIL LIABILITY - PERSONAL REASON**





- Violation of Duty of Diligence & Duty of Loyalty by executives :
  - Affiliated transactions
  - Misappropriation of funds
  - Embezzlement
  - Disclosure of secrets
- A growing trend of litigation against Executives
- High Rate of withdrawal : 30%

Source: www.itslaw.com

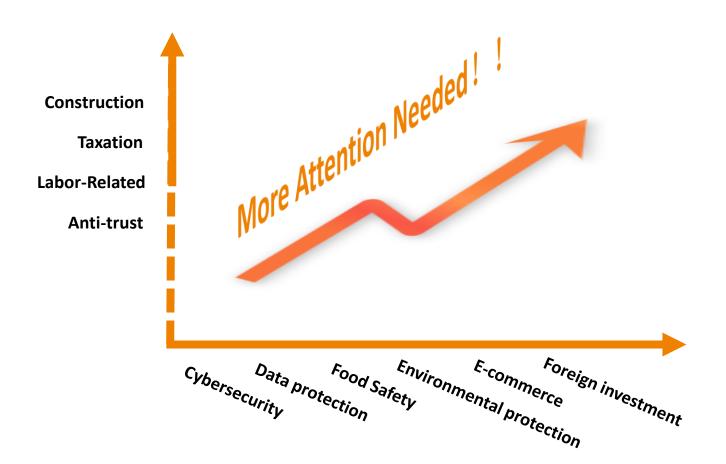
## **CIVIL LIABILITY - COMPANY REASON**



Examples	Personal labilities	<b>Executives Potentially liable</b>
Ongoing court proceeding against a foreign invested company	Restriction on international travel	Legal representative, person in charge
Failure to execute a court decision	<ul> <li>Restriction on luxury consumption</li> <li>Restriction on international travel</li> <li>Fines</li> <li>Judicial detention</li> </ul>	Legal representative, person in charge, person directly responsible for the performance of the obligation

## **ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY - REGULATION AXIS**





- Industry-specific laws and regulations are being updated frequently
- New sources of personal liability for executives
- Increasing focus on personal liabilityby the authorities

# **ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY - CONSEQUENCES**



- Personal administrative sanctions :
  - Fines or administrative detention imposed on legal rep. or the person in charge

- > The executive's future career prospects may be affected:
  - ♦ No director/supervisor/manager position in other companies for 3 years if he/she is personally responsible for revocation of business license
  - ♦ No future position as person in charge in certain industry, e.g. food industry
  - lose the chance to hold any management position in a listed company

## **CRIMINAL LIABILITY - CORPORATE CRIMES**



## "Dual-penalty" Principle:

- ◆ The company as an independent legal person
- ◆ The person directly in charge/directly responsible :

Legal representative, managers or staff directly participating in the criminal activities

"Piercing the Corporate Veil" from the perspective of criminal law

## **CRIMINAL LIABILITY - CORPORATE CRIMES**

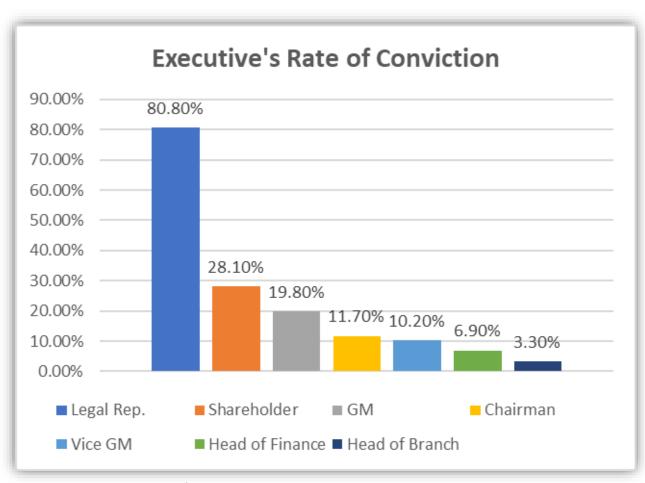


## **Criminal penalties:**

- Monetary penalties on the company
- Criminal penalties on the person directly in charge/directly responsible :
  - Detention, imprisonment or even death penalty
  - Fine or confiscation of property
  - Deportation may be applied to foreign executives
  - \*\*\* Enforcement measures during investigation process

## **CRIMINAL LIABILITY - LESSONS FROM 2019**





- Legal Rep. has the highest rate of conviction in corporate crimes.
- Shareholder's liabilities shall not be underestimated.
- The chance of GM and Chairman being charged is quite high.
- Financial manager is more likely to be charged than other senior managers.

Source: www.itslaw.com

## **CRIMINAL LIABILITY - WHITE-COLLAR CRIMES**



- **Embezzlement**
- Misappropriation of funds
- Commercial bribery (offering or taking)
- Illegal fundraising
- Making illegal profits for relatives and friends
- Contraband
- **•** .....



# **III – Avoid/Mitigate Personal Labilities**

## PREVENTIVE MEASURES



## For executives of top management/holding level

- Keep updated on laws and regulations specific to the company's industry, establish and implement effective compliance policies and procedures
- Review and update regularly the organization structure and the chain of responsibilities of the company
- Define and keep documentation of detailed powers and duties of other executives and key employees, such as power of attorneys, board resolutions, internal regulations and employment contracts
- Prepare contingency plan to ensure the continuity of operations in the event that local management is under investigation

#### PREVENTIVE MEASURES



#### For other executives

- Understand your position as an executive from a legal perspective by looking deep into your responsibility both as an employee and as part of the corporate management structure
- Be aware of laws and regulations specific to your industry, follow company compliance policies
- Keep written records of any objections throughout the decision making process in case non-compliant behavior is identified
- Remain diligent and loyal to the company, be careful with any situation that may present a conflict of interest



# **Questions & Answers**



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